

Mt. Sterling Advocate.

A WEEKLY JOURNAL, IDENTICAL IN INTEREST WITH ITS OWN PEOPLE.

VOLUME XVII

MT. STERLING, KENTUCKY, WEDNESDAY, JULY 1, 1908.

NUMBER 51

LACK OF MONEY

WAS A BLESSING TO HIM.

Charles P. Hedges, Who Was a "Moneyless College Boy," Is Glad of It.

"It is much better for the average boy to work his way through college than to have financial backing and every wish gratified simply for the asking. I think the best thing that ever happened to me was that I had to earn the money which paid for my schooling. If I had possessed plenty of money I expect I would have been more of a good spender than a good student. As it is I worked for every bit of knowledge I ever got and now I stand a chance of 'making good' in the work I have chosen."

That is the opinion regarding the "moneyless boy" in college, expressed by Charles P. Hedges, who worked his way through both high school and college and has attained the ambition of his life, an appointment as a missionary to Africa from the Foreign Christian Missionary Society headquarters in this city. Hedges earned his way through high school by shoemaking and as a barber, and through college by doing carpenter work and printing. He has just received a degree from Bethany College, W. Va., where he prepared for the ministry, and is in Cincinnati to confer with officials of the Foreign Christian Missionary Society before he sails July 23 from New York for Bologni, Africa. In telling of his unique experience as a "jack of all trades" while he gained an education, the Rev. Mr. Hedges said: "My father was not a rich man and we had quite a family. We lived in Sharpsburg, Ky., and I was anxious to get an education at Sharpsburg college, which is equal to a city high school. I went to work at shoemaking and as a barber. My health gave way before I got a certificate, but I lacked only one year of it. I then began carpenter work, as outdoor occupation. I went to Dayton, O., and there decided to be an architect. But I met the Rev. Barclay Mander of the Christian church. I had always had a desire to be a preacher, but he talked to me of the mission field and I became interested. If I had worked my way through preparatory school, why not through college? I reasoned. I went to Bethany, W. Va., where the Christian college is situated, and by doing carpenter work there and printing the last five years, I made my way. I feel very happy now over the appointment to Africa. In the mission field all the trades I have learned will prove useful." Mr. Hedges will visit his mother, Mrs. E. J. Hedges, leaving Cincinnati July 19 and New York July 23.—Cincinnati Times-Star.

Free City Delivery.

Business will be facilitated in the Post Office if all patrons will have their mail addressed to their street and number. Delivery will be 4 times daily in the business center and twice in residence section, beginning at 8:30 and 1:30. For convenience of the public, 17 additional street boxes will be located; at present there are only 4.

Each patron should have an individual box at his front door for reception of mail. If postman finds no box and there is no answer to bell ring in a few minutes, he carries your mail by and awaits following trip. He can not leave letters on floor or wait indefinitely for bell to be answered. If

WOMEN

BEGIN CAMPAIGN FOR CHEAPER MEATS.

Dealers Find Themselves Up Against a Stiff Proposition In Brooklyn and Receive an Ultimatum.

Six hundred women held a meeting in Brooklyn, Monday night and declared their intention to fight against the increased prices of meat and fowl. They also paraded, and several meat stores were stoned.

About one hundred and fifty women marched through the streets, stopping at butcher shops, calling the proprietors to the door and telling them they must lower their prices at once. The retail dealers protested that they were not responsible, that it was the wholesalers that had forced the price of meat up.

The dealers were told by the women that the condition of affairs brought about by the avarice of the big meat men would no longer be countenanced, and if the dealers wished to act with the people, they would close up their shops at once and refuse to buy meats at the exorbitant prices they were made to pay. Thus it was argued, would the packers be brought to subjection.

Powers Urges Finley's Return.

At Indianapolis, June 24, Chas. Finley, ex-Secretary of State of Kentucky, and an exile with W. S. Taylor, ex-Governor, received a message from his native State Tuesday.

"I hope the time will soon come when you will be back in your own Congressional district here in Kentucky," said Powers.

The two exiles are patiently waiting. Finley, who four months ago was declared a victim of tuberculosis, has recovered his health.

"I do not fear lawlessness in Kentucky now," said Finley. "All we want is a fair trial in the courts." When Governor Wilson returns to Kentucky, friends of Taylor and Finley expect him to take up their cause.

GREEN SEAL has demonstrated that a thoroughly dependable paint can be had without digging so deep in the purse. Thos. Kennedy.

CONVICTS PARDONED.

Nine Are Crippled or Diseased and Four Are Blind.

Ten convicts in the Frankfort penitentiary were pardoned last Wednesday afternoon by Acting Governor W. H. Cox. They are members of what the guards at the prison call "Cox's Army," with one exception, George West, who has been a prisoner for twenty-two years without a mark against him. Nine of the prisoners pardoned are crippled or diseased and four are blind. This is the largest number of convicts pardoned at one time in the last thirty years, or since Governor Blackburn turned loose one hundred and fifty at one time.

Doctor of Laws Is Conferred Upon Governor Willson.

At Cambridge Mass., on June 25, President Eliot, of Harvard University, announced that the degree of Doctor of Laws had been conferred upon Augustus E. Willson, Governor of Kentucky. Gov. Willson, class of '96, was lionized at Harvard Wednesday. He was cheered as he appeared on the campus.

BACON MUST PAY.

Court of Appeals Holds That \$23,992.69, With Interest, Must Be Returned To the Treasury.

A decision of the Court of Appeals on last day of its June term was handed down in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Henry Bacon. In 1902 Bacon was awarded the contract for "second-class" printing, which included all blank books that are furnished to the State and the counties.

George Fetter, of Louisville, had the contract for the "first-class" printing, which included printing and binding the acts of the Legislature, all the annual reports of the different departments, etc.

A controversy arose between Bacon and Fetter as to which was entitled to certain class of printing. The State Printing Commissioners decided that Bacon was entitled to it. Bacon charged the State \$30,000 for the work, but the commission allowed him but \$20,000 on his claim and referred the bill to the Attorney General, who approved it all but one item, involving \$800.

The opinion of the Court of Appeals, which was written by Judge Lassing, says Bacon was only entitled to \$4,000 for the books, and gives judgment against him, in favor of the State, for \$23,992.69, with interest from August, 1902.

"The trouble does not arise from the fact that Bacon did not execute the order according to its terms; it arises from the fact that after the work had been done according to the order, Bacon improperly obtained from the State money to which he was not entitled. The surties did not understand that they would be responsible for any money collected by Bacon from the State above what he was entitled to receive."

The commissioners were imposed upon and deceived by Bacon, and the legislative committee that subsequently investigated the transaction and reported that Bacon had received no more than he was entitled to, was evidently unacquainted with the technical terms of the printer's trade, and were likewise deceived, or else their investigation was not thorough enough to enable them to learn the truth.

Cured Her Turkeys.

L. G. Bolkin, Paris, Ky., says: "My wife gave her turkeys Bourbon Polity Cure when they were dying and it cured them. It is the best remedy for fowls we have ever used." Sold by W. S. Lloyd.

Expenses Cut at Latonia.

Following the action of the State Racing Commission, which decided against bookmaking, the officials of the Latonia Jockey Club have begun cutting expenses to meet the conditions imposed. In addition to the purses having been reduced from \$500 to \$400, the management has decided that racegoers must do without free ice water. In addition some of the officials' salaries were chopped in half.

Revenue Will Be About \$400,000.

About 800 liquor dealers of Louisville have made application for renewal of liquor licenses at \$500 a year. These last year paid only \$150 a year.

This will give the city a total revenue of \$400,000, as against a total of about \$120,000 secured last year under the low license.

GREEN SEAL stands for all that is good in paints, durability, covering power, economy, beauty of finish, protection. Thos. Kennedy.

\$24,000 FINES

ON PAPER TRUST

(Guilty of Violating the Sherman Anti-Trust Act.)

INQUIRY STARTED BY PUBLISHERS

Makers of Print Paper Will Also Be Taken Into Court.

In New York on June 2 twenty-four companies manufacturing manila wrapping paper were fined \$1,000 each by Judge Hough, in the United States Court. They pleaded guilty to maintaining an illegal combination in restraint of trade.

STARTED BY NORRIS.

The case against the companies was instituted through the instrumentality of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association.

On complaint of Mr. Norris the Federal grand jury began an investigation of the combine two months ago, and on June 9 returned indictments against Parks and twenty-five companies.

NORRIS MAKES STATEMENT.

John Norris, Chairman of the committee of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association investigation from the newspaper print condition, describing the case said:

"In September, 1906, twenty-five fiber and Manila mills formed the Manila and Fiber Association, of which John H. Parks was made manager. Immediately after the formation of the association the production of paper dropped from \$4,000 to 50,000 tons per quarter, and the price of paper was advanced \$5 a ton. Other advances followed until the price had been raised \$16 a ton. The admitted profit of the pool was \$1,000,000 annually.

HAD FOUR POOLS.

"John H. Parks, the manager of the Manila and Fiber Association, also ran four other pools or 'price associations,' as he called them. From these he drew an income of \$150,000 annually. When the present investigation opened Parks fled to Europe and has been there ever since. He is the only individual under indictment.

What do such men care for being fined \$1,000 each?

Photography Without Cameras Possible.

Prof. Lippmann, who lives in Paris, France, has made a discovery which will revolutionize the art of photography. When his discovery has been perfected in a few details, cameras may be done away with.

Get my "Book No. 4 For Women." It will give weak women many valuable suggestions of relief—and with strictly confidential medical advice is entirely free. Simply write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. The book No. 4 tells all about Dr. Shoop's Night Cure and how these soothing, healing, antiseptic suppositories can be successfully applied to correct these weaknesses. Write for the book. The Night Cure is sold by F. C. Duerston. 51-51

Auspicious Opening for the Lexington Chautauqua.

The opening of the Lexington Chautauqua season at the Auditorium on Wednesday was indeed pleasing. The Auditorium held one of the largest crowds ever out to attend the opening of a like season there.

Turner Held.

At Jackson, Ky., James Turner, who shot William Arrowwood, killing him instantly, had his examining trial before County Judge Taubee and was held for manslaughter, his bond being fixed at \$5,000.

HAZELRIGG & SON

Dependable Dry Goods, Carpets, Etc.

Are showing an extensive line of Spring Dress Goods in all the new shades and weaves. This season sustains their reputation for carrying the most varied as well as the best Black Goods stock in Central Ky. Their sales in Fancy Dress Silks in artistic designs and patterns have been phenomenal in last 30 days. Novelties in Dress Silk received weekly. They carry always in stock Glycerin Bros. Black Taffetas, NO, they are not made of buckskin, though the wear like it.

Everything in White Goods.

Exquisite embroidered Waists, real Scotch Swisses in beautiful designs, Linen Waists and Suits in great variety; fine Table Linens for fine occasions a specialty. If you want a long Kid Glove in correct shade and fit and that will WEAR, call at Hazelrigg's. Long Gloves in Suede, Chambray and Lisle.

The CARPET DEPARTMENT is full in Crax, Matting, full standard extra super bagrains, Brussels and Axminster Rugs 9-12 and 12-15 feet.

Hazelrigg's don't deal in shoddy.

If you want reliable goods buy them of

HAZELRIGG & SON.

A GOOD REASON.

Mt. Sterling People Can Tell You Why It Is So.

Doan's Kidney Pills cure the cause of disease, and that is why the cures are always lasting. This remedy strengthens and tones up the kidneys, helping them to drive out of the body the liquid poisons that cause backache, headache and distressing kidney and urinary complaints. Mt. Sterling people testify to permanent cures.

Mrs. H. J. Porter, living at 64 Richmond Ave., Mt. Sterling, Ky., says: "I know that Doan's Kidney Pills can cure kidney trouble as my husband used them for four years and they entirely cured him. He had suffered from an aggravated case of backache and an aching through his limbs caused him misery. Doan's Kidney Pills were recommended to him. He procured a box at F. C. Duerston's drug store, and they benefited him so much that he continued taking them until cured. I have known of other people who have used Doan's Kidney Pills and I can recommend them as a valuable kidney remedy."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other. 51-31

Troops Called In.

Proceeding under instructions from Acting Gov. Cox, Adj. Gen. Johnston has issued an order calling in one-third of the State Guard now on duty in the night rider district.

GEORGIA DEMOCRATS

In Favor of Prohibition and Strict Railroad Regulation.

At the Democratic State Convention at Atlanta, Ga., the convention adjourned after electing delegates to the national convention and adopting a platform declaring for the continuance of the enforcement of prohibition and strict railroad regulation in Georgia. The entire delegation goes to Denver without delay.

Not in Time.

The son who was born to the Queen of Spain came before he was expected and as a result many of the personages including the Bishop of Segovia, whose duty it is to be present on these occasions, did not reach the palace in time.

Restriction of Gambling.

The Locke anti-betting racing bill passed the Louisiana Senate and becomes a law within thirty days. The supporters of the measure say that the law will practically abolish the race tracks that have flourished around New Orleans for years.

STATE OFFICIALS

Believe Funds Will Come In, and Legislature Will Not Be Called to Provide.

The probability of an extra session of the Legislature to provide funds with which to carry on the State government until the Sheriffs turn into the Treasury the taxes to be gathered this fall is discredited by the State officials.

Peters' Diamond Special Shoes

Made for us by
PETERS
SHOE
Co.
St. Louis

Men's
\$4.00

Women's
\$3.50

ARE CLASSY. They have that dash of style that you want and with it combine good, old-fashioned wear and comfort. They are just the SHOES you are looking for.

The J. H. Brunner Shoe Co.

Advocate Publishing Company

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MANAGER: J. W. HODGES.

EDITOR: J. W. HODGES.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

For information of our readers.

EX-PRESIDENT GROVER CLEVELAND.

Among the galaxy of powerful notables called to extend and to yield to man's last enemy, is the immortal Grover Cleveland, twice President of the United States.

A man, who, with a remarkable history as a statesman, a leader of the people, he was a man of the highest character.

These men, who, with a remarkable history as a statesman, a leader of the people, he was a man of the highest character.

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An editor, lawyer, doctor, farmer or other man who unintentionally misrepresents another should be willing to apologize and make amends. If he knowingly and intentionally misrepresents, we regard him as a bad citizen.

A few days ago a stranger in Kentucky looked out on the scenic town of Tyronne, and to the editor said, what place is this, and its business? And when he was informed it was a whiskey manufacturing town he said the time would soon be when whiskey was not to be made or sold in the state.

BE SERIOUS.

If men are wishing to do the correct thing with their fellows they should first neglect or refuse to say what they want. We do not think that the duty is to utter a matter of straight truth. A man should be to the advantage of his country. From some of our correspondents we have had many requests.

THE WHISKY VOTE.

It is an old maxim, ever since Benjamin, a Democrat, declared that the laws of the state concerning the sale of liquor in England were to be enforced, that the same elements in politics were to be enforced, to control the Democratic party and make the party its instrument for nullifying the laws or repealing them, and for passing men who dared to follow any of the demands made in the interests of the liquor trade.

We hope that the leaders of the Democratic party will not recede from the stand taken by Governor Beckham.

JUST ABOUT \$45,000.

The statement is made that the expense thus far incurred by the state in keeping militia in the tobacco district to suppress night riders amounts to \$45,000.

Frequently the statement was made a few years ago that grocers of tobacco did not receive sufficient compensation for good prices for their tobacco.

Let us hope that hereafter the American Tobacco Company and other large buyers will be willing to pay the growers of tobacco a fair price for the product, and that there will be no more harassment, threatening letters and shipping of men. The State has had enough of this.

CONGRESSIONAL RACE.

The Democrats of this Congressional district will remember that County Conventions will be held on Saturday, July 11 at 1 o'clock to select, or instruct for not in district, delegates to the district convention at Estill Springs on July 15 to nominate a candidate for Congress. Unless there is great care in the nomination at that convention, the prospects for defeat are very flattering. We may be criticised for so speaking, but this is our opinion frankly expressed. Our nominee should be an able, public spirited, a God fearing, clean, sober man, who has experience as a speaker, a man of commanding personality. Most any kind of a man would be willing to take \$7500 per year, but most any kind of a man cannot win even if nominated.

Farms for Sale.

I have for sale two farms of 100 and 150 acres, distant from terminus of Spencer pike 1 and 13 miles. Both are well watered, with fair improvements on each.

F. M. Fortune.

Route 4.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO MAIL CUSTOMERS

THE Mt. Sterling National Bank

MT. STERLING, KENTUCKY
Capital \$50,000
Surplus and Profit \$35,000
Your Patronage Solicited.
Promptness. Privacy. Courtesy.
DAVID HOWELL, Cashier.

PRESIDENT ISSUES PROCLAMATION ANNOUNCING CLEVELAND'S DEATH.

Oyster Bay, L. I., June 24.—President Roosevelt, in accordance with custom, today issued the following proclamation, announcing the death of former President Cleveland:

By the President of the United States—A PROCLAMATION:

The White House, June 24, 1908.—To the People of the United States:

Grover Cleveland, President of the United States from 1885 to 1889 and again from 1893 to 1897, died at 10 o'clock this morning at his home in Princeton, N. J. In his death the Nation has been deprived of one of its greatest citizens. By profession a lawyer, his chief services to his country were rendered during a long, varied and honorable career in public life.

As Mayor of his city, as Governor of his State, and twice as President, he showed signal power as an administrator, coupled with entire devotion to the country's good, and a courage that quailed before no hostility when once convinced where his duty lay. Since his retirement from the presidency he has continued well and faithfully to serve his countrymen by the simplicity, dignity and uprightness of his private life.

In testimony of the respect in which his memory is held by the Government and people of the United States, I do hereby direct that the flags on the White House and the several departmental buildings be displayed at half staff for a period of thirty days; and that suitable military and naval honors, under the orders of the Secretaries of War and of the Navy, be rendered on the day of the funeral.

Done this twenty-fourth day of June in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and eight, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and thirty-second.

[Signed] THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

By the President: Alvey A. Adee, Acting Secretary of State.

BRYAN PAYS TRIBUTE TO CLEVELAND AS A LEADER.

Lincoln, Neb., June 24.—The death of ex-President Grover Cleveland brings to a sudden end the phenomenal career of one of the strongest characters known to the political world during the present generation. Like every commanding figure, he had zealous supporters and earnest opponents, but those who differed from him were as ready as his warmest friends to concede to him the possession of elements of leadership to an extraordinary degree. He was deliberate in action, firm in conviction, and ever ready to accept responsibility for what he did. Few men have exerted a more positive influence on those associated with them. We are not far enough from the period in which his work was done to measure accurately his place in history, but the qualities which made him great are a part of the Nation's heritage, and universal sorrow is felt at his death.

W. J. BRYAN.

PATTERSON WINS. NIGHT RIDER CONVICTED.

In Saturday's Democratic primary, after the hardest fought and bitterest campaign ever known in Tennessee, Gov. M. R. Patterson won the gubernatorial nomination over E. W. Carmack by about 8,000.

Aside from prohibition Carmack's chief play was to undermine the county unit primary plan, which was adopted by the State committee over his protest, his contention being for a general State-wide primary. Patterson favored the county unit temperance laws as they now exist. Only a few (we have heard three) cities now sell whiskey.

STERLING DANCING CLUB DOP AND OTHER SOCIAL EVENTS

Mimes Alice Apperson and Mary Ray Trimble, of our city, are being elegantly entertained during their visit to Mrs. Hugh F. Mims at Mountaintop, Tenn.

The Knoxville Sentinel of June 20 tells of the reception in their honor. Mrs. Mims, who was Miss Isa White, of our city, was hostess at a brilliant affair on the preceding afternoon and evening. The rooms were beautiful with a great profusion of ferns, sweet peas, laurel and roses. Pink and white were the colors. In the receiving line were Mrs. H. F. Mims, wearing white net over museline; Miss Apperson, in white tulle, with garniture and overskirt of real lace; Miss Trimble in yellow crepe de chene, hand made dresses and lace; Mrs. Helms, white tulle; Mrs. H. F. Troughman, white and blue silk. American tea and lemon was served in the den; sandwiches in the dining room. Ladies were received in the afternoon and gentlemen in the evening. There were 150 callers.

Miss Anna Belle Ewary entertained elaborately Tuesday evening in honor of the attractive and popular guests of Mrs. Mims. The lawn and galleries were lighted by Japanese lanterns where the dancers from the parlors strolled. Tables were arranged for 42. Handsome prizes were awarded.

On Thursday evening an event of unusual brilliancy occurred at Trimble's Hall when the Sterling Dancing Club gave their June hop. The blending of female loveliness, floral decorations, many lights, charming music by Saxton's orchestra were some of the attractions for the many who filled the hall. The dancing continued until dawn. We give the names of the young lady visitors only: Misses Ella Stewart, Jane Galtskill, Florence Smith, Lucy Stewart, Winifred, Misses Frances McClellan, Ruth Scott, Nell McCoy, Florence Rogers, Lexington; Miss Laura Clay, Paris; Miss Hettie Fujay, Lakeland; Miss Marion Buchanan, Philadelphia; Miss Martha Tipton, New York; Miss Anna Cannon, Mayfield; Miss Graham Lawson, Flemingsburg; Miss Jane Stockton, Richmond; Miss Mary Rogers, Charleston, W. Va.; Miss Vivian West, Wilmington, O.; Miss Ella Lewis Kefauver, Leitchfield; Miss Ethel Ewing, Illinois; Miss Ethel Rice, Wedona; Misses Catherine Rice, Mattie Woodson Barnes, Owensville; Miss Mary Belle Elward, Versailles; Miss Leonora Winn, Midway; Miss Francis Fesler, Georgetown.

Thinking of Moving West? If not, then make up your mind and write me for descriptive list of farms in Missouri, Kansas and Oklahoma, all fine level, productive land that will grow anything under the sun, at prices ranging from \$15 to \$30 an acre, and come where life is made tolerable by easy, profitable farming. Who sweat and live free away in the vain effort to eke out a mere miserable sustenance from those rock-ribbed, root-laced hills as your father and father's father did, when there is so much good land to be had yet awhile for a mere song? Get out of the rut—break away from the time-worn habit that keeps your nose to the grindstone. All it takes is resolution and a little nerve. Write me and let me help you to a better condition.

I. N. PHIPPS, 50-41 Chanute, Kansas.

\$75,000 Fire. A fire on Sunday morning at Nepton caused a heavy loss. The L. & N. depot, Daugherty's big flour mill, a large livery stable, a blacksmith shop and other buildings were destroyed.

Oil.

Last week the Campton field yielded 2371 bbls. The output for the State is 12,905 bbls.

CORRESPONDENCE.

STOOPS

Miss Cordia Steele remains very ill.

Threshing has begun and some wheat sold at 7c.

Dry weather has damaged crops, pastures and berries.

Miss Fannie Gillaspie, of Levee, visited here last week.

Mrs. A. S. Bridges is very ill, threatened with typhoid fever.

T. N. Coons and wife, of North Middletown, spent Sunday here.

Miss Leona Morgan, of Bourbon, is with her uncle, J. L. Gregory.

Partial eclipse of sun was visible in Northern United States on Sunday.

"Celee Sam" Moxley, colored, died Tuesday. He was well liked by every one.

Jack Goodpaster, formerly of this place, has been very ill in Illinois from blood poisoning.

Boy's Life Saved.

My little boy, four years old, had a severe attack of dysentery. We had two physicians; both of them gave him up. We then gave him Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea remedy which cured him and believe that saved his life.

—William H. Stirling, Carbon Hill, Ala. There is no doubt but this remedy saves the lives of many children each year. Give it with castor oil according to the plain printed directions and a cure is certain. For sale by R. H. White & Co., Druggists. 51-5t

Consolidation of Law Schools.

Negotiations have been closed for the consolidation of the law departments of Transylvania and State Universities, and in the fall there will be no legal department at Transylvania.

Judge Lafferty, of Cynthia, will be dean of the new school.

The Transylvania school, which is now discontinued, was established over a century ago. Henry Clay, Jefferson Davis, Richard H. Menefee and many other famous men were associated with it. The consolidation is caused by a lack of funds to continue in operation successfully.

Delightful Summer Trips.

Folders giving details and cost of the delightful Bowman Tours (personally conducted) from Mt. Sterling to Atlantic City, New York, Washington, etc., Thursday, July 30, and to Niagara Falls, Toronto, Buffalo and Detroit, with fine Lake trip, August 13, will be mailed on application to Dan M. Bowman, Versailles, Ky. Bowman Tours are very different from ordinary excursions. Membership limited, 50-5t

Will Average 25 Cents a Pound Pooled Weed.

Of the 1906 crop of burley tobacco there remain only 14,000 hogsheads unsold, and of this 300 hogsheads are owned by Franklin county farmers. The tobacco is all of the best grade, and the growers will get something like an average of twenty-five cents a pound for the tobacco now in the pool.—Frankfort Correspondent.

Eczema is Curable

ZE MO, a scientific preparation for external use. Stops itching instantly and destroys the germs that cause skin diseases. Eczema quickly yields and is permanently cured by this remarkable medicine. All Druggists. Write for sample. E. W. Rose Med. Co., St. Louis, Mo. FOR SALE BY W. S. LLOYD.

The Lexington Herald of Monday has on front page the pictures of H. R. Prentiss and R. H. Winn, of our city, Chairmen of the Democratic and Republican State Central Committees.

Stops eczema in two minutes; toothache or pain of burn or scald in five minutes; hoarseness, one hour; muscleache, two hours; sore throat, twelve hours.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, monarch over pain.

61-5t

Newspapers by Far the Best Advertising Medium.

Every day fresh proof of the surpassing value of the newspaper advertising is brought to light. There are other good kinds of advertising, but none that produces such satisfactory results.

An experiment was made by a New York theatrical manager to determine just which one of the mediums employed in attracting attention to his playhouse was best. He sent out 15,000 postal cards, distributed 25,000 handbills, placarded the fences and deadwalls with posters, employed ten sandwich men to walk about the streets and ran his regular ads in the newspapers.

He then distributed slips of paper among those who attended the performance in his theatre, asking what form of advertising had influenced them to come to the show. Seventy-five per cent. of those who filled them out replied that the newspaper ads had attracted them.

If this is true of amusement advertising it is true of the advertising of other local business enterprises. There is no getting away from the fact that the newspaper gets in closer and more intimate touch with the public than any other medium.

Why is it, then, that many otherwise shrewd and far-sighted business men allow themselves to be persuaded to spend their money on mediums that bring them only meager returns?—New York Editor and Publisher.

Itching Skin Diseases

Are readily cured by Zemo. A liquid for external use. Zemo gives instant relief and permanently cures any form of Itching, Skin or Scalp disease. All Druggists. Write for sample. E. W. Rose Med. Co., St. Louis, Mo. BOTTLED BY W. B. LLOYD.

Theological Seminaries.

Dr. E. Y. Mullins, president of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, said:

"There is an indissoluble union between the seminary and the Sunday-school. A Sunday-school chair is needed in every Seminary. The chair should be of equal rank with other chairs. It should be in charge of an expert. There is taught too much metaphysical cliff-climbing in seminaries at the present time. They should try to connect the man with his work. They should connect the mind with the human heart. The church history taught a theological student amounts to little unless the graduate is able to go out and make some church history. The best man is the one who knows how to go out and do things and not the one who is covered with diplomas."

Most disgusting skin eruptions, scrofula, pimples, rashes, etc., are due to impure blood. Burdock Blood Bitters is a cleansing blood tonic. Makes you clear-eyed, clear-brained, clear-skinned. 51-5

Signs of Better Times.

There are in all quarters indications of a revival of business. New York will be the last to realize that improvement, for the conditions on which prosperity must rest are in the West and South.

From Birmingham comes this report as to Southern iron: "The make in this district is to be materially improved, at least four furnaces are to be started up in the State between now and July 5. The Iron Age, in its review of the week, says: "There is a slightly more cheerful tone in the steel industry."

From the dry goods markets of the East: "Many buyers are on the sale and the goods are moving out much as in former years," said Vice President of the H. B. Claffin Company.

J. N. Kehoe for Congress.

J. N. Kehoe, of Mason, has decided to announce as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Congress, after attending the Ninth Congressional District Democratic convention at Ashland Saturday.

More Available—\$7,500 the Chief Incentive.

We clip the following from Winchester to the Lexington Herald of Monday:

One of Clark county's prospective candidates who spent yesterday in Mt. Sterling to ascertain the sentiment of the Democrats of Montgomery county on the question learned that that county would likely present a candidate in the person of Mr. Coleman Reid, an eloquent and wealthy attorney of Mt. Sterling. Then Henry Godsey, who is spending his vacation in Wolfe county, is entirely bullish on the honor to be thrust upon him. Mr. Godsey is holding a position in one of the departments at Washington. He is a lawyer and graduate of Center College. During his school days he was old Center's champion orator.

Col. Thomas G. Stuart, of this city, who is a delegate from the Tenth district to the National Convention, and who knows more people in Kentucky than any other man in the State, has been petitioned by numerous friends to permit the use of his name, and it is rumored that before he departs for Denver he will impart to a few trusted friends the information that he will not decline the nomination if it should be given to him before he returns from Denver.

If you haven't the time to exercise regularly, Doan's Regulets will prevent constipation. They induce a mild, easy, healthful action of the bowels without griping. Ask your druggist for them. 25c. 51-5

"Idleness is the curse of all curses. Education should teach a man to labor. The idle man should be sent to the farm or somewhere else where he can be made to work. The idle colored man does not starve. He gets his living somewhere. I can tell you where he gets it. He gets his support from the back door of some white man's kitchen. We want to ask the white man to cut off this source of supply and we will do the rest."—Booker Washington.

Notice.

Examination for appointees to the State University will be held in my office July 10th and 11th. There will be two appointments, one for four years and one for two years. The examination will be receiving the highest grade receiving the four year appointment and next to the highest the two year appointment.

M. J. GOODWIN,
Supt. Schools.

Lodge at Schollville.

On Friday night A. Cline, J. W. Groves, H. Campbell, Sr., J. L. Brawner, Fred Bassett, and W. H. Clarke, of this city, went to Schollville, Clark county, and organized Schollville Lodge No. 249 I. O. O. F. with 20 charter members and installed officers. Lodges from other towns send representatives. A most bountiful supper was served.

Remarkable six bargains in 10c window all week at The Fair.

5,000
Transplanted Tomato
Plants
—AT—
\$5.00
Per Thousand.

Graser & Humphreys
Both 'Phones.
Estimates Cheerfully Given.

GOV. WILLSON

Principal Speaker at Outing of Harvard Graduates.

Gov. Willson, of Kentucky, was the guest of honor and principal speaker at the big outing of the Harvard graduates of the class of '08 on Wednesday.

The college men showed their grit by heroic efforts to rescue a little girl from a burning house near the scene of their outing. They took the little one out of the burning cottage, but she died from her burns. Gov. Willson applauded the efforts of the collegians. The hat was passed and a large purse was presented to the unfortunate family. Gov. Willson, a graduate of '86, made a delightful speech during the festivities, and was roundly applauded by the "boys."

See 10c window at The Fair for cuspidors, lamps, cups and saucers and pitchers, all week.

Democrats After Johnson—Want Him for Vice-President.

Gov. Johnson has a decided lead. Little attention is paid to the announcement that he is not a candidate and would not accept. Those who favor him say that he is the one available man who would properly supplement Mr. Bryan's candidacy, as he has been put forward as the candidate for the presidency by Eastern Democrats. The favoritism toward the Minnesota man for second place does not contemplate the possibility of Mr. Bryan's failure.

Walk-Over \$3.50 Shoes cut to \$2.75. Punch & Graves.

An Ultimatum.

"He has no job." "Father, I am determined to marry the man of my choice." "Very well. But don't fix on my home as the boarding-house of your choice, that's all."

Fire.

Fire on Monday evening about 10:30 o'clock destroyed the residence of Mrs. Rannie Mackie on Locust street. Most of the household effects in one room were saved. Mrs. Mackie had \$800 insurance on the property. Origin of the fire is not known.

Proclamation.

On Friday Mayor Harris issued a proclamation requesting all business men to close their business houses from 5 to 6 o'clock p. m. in memory of Ex-President Cleveland, who was buried at 5 o'clock. His request was generally observed.

Agency Sold.

Jno. L. Coleman has sold his general insurance agency to H. G. Hoffman, but retains his local interests. Mr. Coleman will act as field agent for Mr. Hoffman's general business.

Wants Parole.

Leander Hodge, convicted of murder and sentenced by the Circuit Court of this county in February, 1903, to the penitentiary, will on Tuesday of next week apply to the Prison Commissioners for a parole.

Oil For Street.

W. H. Jackson, printer, is endeavoring to secure contracts for oiling the streets. Many firms have agreed, if all on any street or section can be secured.

Wheat.

The quality of wheat in this county is said to be good, the yield is probably not up to the average, acreage about as usual. The price Tuesday was 78 cents.

Painted.

The Mitchell buildings on Bank street, including the one occupied by us, have been improved in appearance by the painter's brush. Accept our thanks, friend McKee.

\$20 Suits cut to \$14.48. Punch & Graves.

Worries of Modern Life.

Nowadays we must not drink spirits nor eat meat; we must not smoke; the air of cities is poisonous; the light runs our nerves and the noise racks our nerves; shaking hands is a means of collecting microbes and kissing is pure suicide. Life is indeed growing dull and difficult.—Maurice Darwin.

Value of the Nile.

The Nile is one of the longest rivers in the world, but is not especially valuable as a navigable stream. Its chief benefit to the country is from the immense deposits of mud carried down in the annual floods and which have made the region overflowed one of the most fertile in the world.

Travel, the Teacher.

No young man can boast of a thorough education until he has been abroad and learned the ways and ideas of other nations. In superior schools traveling during the holidays should be made compulsory, or at least strongly encouraged.—Vienna Familienbebieter.

Fastidious.

"I believe in reason in all things," said the milliner, shifting a grocery hat from a stand to the show window, "but when a woman is so afraid she won't be gazed that she comes in here and asks to be shown Umbrian hats, instead of Leghorn, it makes me weary."

Credit or Cash.

The man with the high forehead was heard to remark to his companion in the twenty-first story elevator: "It is a positive delight, Sawyer, to meet a man you feel you can trust." "Oh, I don't know," returned Sawyer, who keeps a grocery shop, "I prefer the chap that pays cash."

French Illiteracy.

Although France has had compulsory education for about 25 years, the percentage of illiterates reaches the high figure of 40 per 1,000 men, and 60 per 1,000 women. In this regard Germany appears to great advantage. She has only four illiterates per 1,000 of population.

Mystery of Seedless Fruit.

Science so far has failed to furnish an explanation of the mystery of seedless fruits. They are not the outcome of the work of man. Man perpetuates them; he does not make them. The seedless orange was found in a state of seedlessness.—Vegetarian.

Mountains of Iron Ore.

The world contains at least four mountains composed of almost solid iron ore. One is in Mexico, one in the United States, one in India and one in Africa just below the South Sea, and there have been reports of such a mountain existing in Siberia.

Boiled Paper Walls.

The selling of walls caused by persons leaning their heads against the wall may be almost entirely removed by laying a sheet of blotting paper on the spot and ironing over it with a hot iron.

Chance for Much Trouble.

The sultan of Turkey recently paid \$100,000 for a diamond. If he doesn't wish to have trouble with his harem he will insist on using the stone himself.

Sword Many Centuries Old.

The Japanese were acquainted with iron from very earliest times. A sword that was used by one of the ancestors of the present emperor, about 800 B. C., is still in existence.

Adding to His Offensiveness.

The man who told us so is always doubly offensive if he comes around after the arrival of our troubles and tries to look as if he had forgotten all about it.

Meteors of Various Sizes.

Meteors vary in size from mere grains of sand to several tons, and consist for the most part of iron and nickel, but up to fewer than 24 terrestrial elements have been found in them.

Don't Worry.

The immortal words of Rear Admiral Evans: "There are two things I never worry about—what I can't help and what I can."

Paris Abates a Nuisance.

The Paris prefect of police has decided that in future no more licensees to play barrel organs in that city will be granted.

Many Daughters.

A New York father and mother of nine daughters have placed in each of their rooms the motto: "Learn to Say Yes."

Have Little Chance.

In the long run idols have no chance in this country, whether they be heathen or popular.—N. Y. Mail.

A Sign.

A man begins to have true greatness when he can look at cartoons of himself and be amused.

Some People.

Some people hunt for work in about the same way that an optimist hunts for trouble.

Rule or Be Ruled.

Govern your prejudices, otherwise they will govern you.—Heraclitus.

Ever an Upward Course.

The poet, the artist, the saint, say incessantly: "Again! Higher! The beyond attracts them ever. What they hold is little to them. The anguish which they suffer marks, if it does not measure, the happiness which they long for. And they struggle and lament and strive and tax their ingenuity for the love of that shore further on, of which Virgil speaks: "Hic ultraiora amore."—Joseph Roux.

For the Music Room.

No piano can possibly be heard to advantage in a room which is either heavily curtained or is overcrowded with furniture. A good plan to insure the correct temperature of the room in which the piano stands is to keep a growing plant there. So long as the plant thrives you can tell that any changes of heat and cold there may be are not sufficient to affect the instrument.

Obedience to Duty.

The sphere of duty is infinite. It exists in every station of life. We have it not in our choice to be rich or poor, to be happy or unhappy; but it becomes us to do the duty that everywhere surrounds us. Obedience to duty, at all costs and risks, is the essence of the highest civilization. Great deeds must be worked for, hoped for, died for, now as in the past.

Tannin for Toothache.

Neuralgia from unground teeth is very common at Lechi, Austria, and a local dentist has succeeded in discovering a remedy in tannin, which he applies to the gums as a lotion of two parts of tannic acid in ten parts of rectified spirits. Almost every kind of dental pain is relieved, while loose teeth are made tight and given power for mastication.

Let Us Think.

Much thinking attenuates the frame, and a hasty temper has the same effect. Those who think little and take things easy are most apt to become corpulent. "Eat paunches," says Shakespeare, "make lean pates." Yet, lest we forget, the biggest eaters are often the most emaciated of men. They eat so much it makes them poor to tote it.

What Did He Mean?

"The ruling passion," says the philosopher of folly, "is strong, not in death, but in other circumstances. I had a chronic lady last night that she had a pouch of a bun on, and she inquired anxiously if it was on straight."

Prolific Etna.

In addition to all the climates, Etna is reported to have trees that rival the giants of California, lakes that never thaw, bottomless caverns and salable snow that kept many an ancient bishop well supplied with titles.

The Difference.

When a girl tells her girl friends that she is engaged, they become devoutly excited. When a young man tells his bachelor friends that he is about to be married they want to fill him with wine so that he can forget it.

The Frigate Bird.

Wonderful powers of flight are possessed by the frigate bird of the tropics. It has a spread of wing of ten feet to 12 feet, can travel 100 miles an hour and is said to be able to remain on the wing for a week at a time.

The Origin of Crime.

The frequency of epilepsy among criminals may be regarded in many cases both as cause and effect of their condition. It should be the endeavor of medical science to suggest a remedy.—Hospitals.

Modern Pessimism.

Then, too, those lamentations of Job were written long before anybody ever struck out with the heavy fall.—Atlanta Journal.

Jesous Man.

There is nothing a man of good sense dreads in a wife so much as her having more sense than himself.—Punching.

Be of Good Cheer.

Let us be of good cheer, remembering that the misfortunes hardest to bear are those which never come.—Lowell.

If.

If the chickens that are scratching up the things you have planted in your garden could speak they would probably cry out: "Let us alone!"

After He Has Tried It Himself.

A man who has had to hire other people is not likely to burden himself with unwarranted suspicions that his boss is trying to wrong him.

Only a Woman.

Only a woman can be happy while wearing half a pound of some dead person's hair.

Rebuilt with American Money.

Toritto, in Italy, is being rebuilt by money sent back by emigrants in America.

Wide Selection Possible.

Cheer: There are countless roads on all sides to the grave.

Can You Explain?

Why the sweet girl graduate is so fond of sour cucumber pickles?

Don't
Blame
Us

If
your
paper
IS STOPPED

and
the
account
is

placed
with
an
Attorney

for
COLLECTION

We Have Pleaded With
You to Pay

RESTS ON PRODUCTS OF FARM.

Fruit of the Earth the Real Foundation of All Prosperity.

The nation's prosperity really rests on farm products. So long as these reach up to the value of former years—approximately \$1,500,000,000 in 1907—this must continue to be so. There has probably never been a time in this generation when such splendid grain and crop prospects existed as at the beginning of May, and which have continued up to the middle of the month. The empty cars of today will all be related to more wheat, corn, oats and cotton now needed. One strong impression on the traveler in the Trans-Mississippi country is the utilization of the waste places of past years.

The neighborly desert of today is the blossoming orchard of tomorrow, and the irrigation ditch the advance agent of prosperity in manifold forms. Some of the results of irrigation in Texas, which promises to rival Louisiana as a rice-producing state, and in Colorado, where land newly watered commands from \$500 to \$1,000 an acre, and in bearing orchards from \$1,000 to \$4,000 an acre, are marvelous to behold. Western Texas, cleared of mesquite and cultivated for cotton, has witnessed an increase in her annual rainfall of nearly ten inches. The change of climate in the new portion of the country is a story by itself. Nature adapts herself to new conditions and helps those who help themselves—Charles F. Shuman in Review of Reviews.

GOOD ADVICE FOR ANGRY MAN.

Friend's Prescription a Whole Lot Better Than a Warrent.

A very sensible bit of advice expressed in homely language was given by a man not long ago to an excitable and quarrelsome friend. It was in a few words, and yet the wisdom was contained in an angry desire would be quenched in a decent manner.

"I wish you had the resolution and self-control that the head of an employer who happened to be in the office and who, when the workman had quarreled in an angry desire would be quenched in a decent manner."

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DATE IMPOSSIBLE TO FORGET.

Mrs. Lombard Certainly Had Glimpse of Her Husband's Memory.

A smile lurked at the corner of Mrs. Lombard's mouth as she listened to the plan of the wedding. She had not seen her husband for more than two years. "I'm afraid," she said, "you'll have to reconstruct some of your plan. I can't see a married a forgetful man too."

"Why you told me not ten minutes ago that you had never forgotten your wedding anniversary," cried her friend: "and you told me you'd been married nearly four years." That was the year after father took us all abroad," "I've said," Mrs. Lombard demurely, "I have, that's a long time, isn't it? But you see one thing is in my favor."

"I was born on the Fourth of July," Mrs. Lombard couldn't very well forget the national holiday. "And as soon as I'd found out how forgetful he was I decided to be married on another holiday."

"I suppose as you were abroad you didn't realize that the date of my wedding was unusual—people aren't often married on the Fourth of July," said her friend. "I think. But you see by a little the wedding planning I've been saved the necessity of reminding him about our anniversary."—Youth's Companion.

JUSTICE BROWN'S ONE LETTER.

Point in Argument Not Intended by the Great Jurist.

Mr. Justice Brown, of the United States supreme court, now retired, was addressing a class of young lawyers in Detroit, Mich., which was his home before he went to Washington. According to the Saturday Evening Post:

"In my opinion," said the learned jurist to the young men, "lawyers just starting out in life are supposed to put too much reliance on letters of introduction. They go to a new town in search of work and take letters to help them in the way of getting on their own abilities and not on the help others can extend to them. I hear of young men taking a dozen or two letters into places. Now I don't know how to tell you that. Why, to show you how it is a matter of principle with me. I will inform you what I thought of one letter of introduction with me when I came to Detroit, only one."

"The jurist here paused and looked around to see what effect his words had had. One young man piped up and said:

"Who was that letter from, Mr. Justice Brown?"

"Rufus Cheater," he replied, and he looked to this day understand why the words earned such laughter.

He Obeyed Orders.

A ranchman living in that locality noticed a small bunch of cattle that was in the habit of making a pond near his house. He requested the local sheriff to try his luck with them the next morning when they could be easily driven to range. The sheriff, on the next morning, the ranchman came him a note, which he jokingly remarked was enough for a good shot, but he expected to see the sheriff with the whole bunch, numbering six.

On the evening day, Legrand departed from his ranch, but he returned to break up the bunch. "No deer, Legrand," he said.

"The third morning a shot was heard, which was followed by three beautiful winged wild geese from each direction."

"Legrand, how did you manage to shoot them?" he asked of the ranchman who was not able to get any more of the two preceding mornings."

"The first," he replied, "was the first shot I could get. I fired up so that I could hit them all at one shot."

At Homes for Customers.

"Shopping at home" is the latest idea of a dressmaker in Paris. The decorations of the hall of her establishment are carried out in a wide and deep design. The bachelors are each seated with red velvet. There is an old custom, where the walls are painted in white, and the carpets are of fine and luxurious colors are of red and blue. In the room the walls are painted in white, and the carpets are of fine and luxurious colors are of red and blue. In the room the walls are painted in white, and the carpets are of fine and luxurious colors are of red and blue.

Who Will Help a Poor, Discouraged Man to Drink a Doleful Drink?

"I will," replied every man in the place in chorus, and a grand rush was made for the beer.

Rusk in the Pioneer.

John Rusk proposed marriage to a woman more than 20 years ago. In his letters at Manchester in 1857 on "The Political Economy of Art" he pleaded for pensions to "soldiers of the plow" as well as soldiers of the sword, and three years later he wrote to the same effect in "The Last Day." The same was republished under that title originally appeared in the Cornhill Magazine, then edited by Thackeray. The novelist was a friend of Rusk, and not a timorous person; but so long was the outcry at the appearance of such disrespectful letters to an respectable magazine that Thackeray was constrained to stop Rusk's paper.

Politics Circumlocution.

"Is that man a lobbyist?" "My dear sir, there are no lobbyists but there must be lobbyist people who give members of the legislature advice on public needs entirely outside their own range of experience."

The Vanity of Woman.

Distasteful—Wonder why 'tis that woman is most allers better looking than men is?

DIET TO CURE SLEEPLESSNESS.

Common Causes of Insomnia—Indigestion and Hunger.

Dr. William Stearns says that insomnia is not a disease, but the result of an unhealthy condition of body or mind. When the cause is removed the insomnia may be expected to disappear. The cause may be indigestion or hunger. Every physician has had stubborn cases of it which would not yield to any treatment and for which change of air or of scene became necessary. But such cases as these should not occur, and do occur only when the sufferer is neglected previously that should have been taken when the trouble first made itself manifest.

Insomnia results from causes which can be removed if attended to in season. The most common cause is found in the digestive organs. Either indigestion, causing insomnia as a result of indigestion, or insufficient food, causing the patient to be kept awake by hunger.

There are few things which can be universally recommended as diet for sleeplessness, since what will agree with one man will disagree with another. But two things that may almost always be recommended are lettuce and celery.

BETTER THAN CIPHER WRITING.

South Sea Islanders Have Unique Way of Sending Messages.

The day was warm and the sailor turned on the electric fan and stood in his refreshing breeze with a pleased smile.

"I'd have had shaved for the summer," he said, "but on my scalp is tattooed in Polynesian, Kili Atara and Rarahu, the bloody traitors."

"You know, boss, I wanted lived down Samoa way. I lived the native life in white hot tropical sun, and I was a young wife young wife young wife of fresh flowers every morning for my hair, and I fed like a native on nothing but baked breadfruit."

"Well, a war arose between our tribe and another, and they sent me with a message through the enemy's camp. But they always mind, then they tattooed the message on the skull, then they made me wait till the hair grew again."

He smiled pensively.

"Mine was a happy life in the South seas," he said, "and if you ever want a safe way to send a message, tattoo it on your messenger's scalp and let his hair grow over it."

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Distasteful—Wonder why 'tis that woman is most allers better looking than men is?

What Do They Cure?

The above question is often asked concerning Dr. J. C. Williams' "Golden Medical Discovery."

The answer is that "Golden Medical Discovery" is a most potent alternative of blood-purifier, and it cures of leprosy and skin diseases, and is especially favorable in a cure for the skin diseases, such as eczema, psoriasis, and other skin diseases. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and it cures of leprosy and skin diseases, and is especially favorable in a cure for the skin diseases, such as eczema, psoriasis, and other skin diseases.

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COMEDY IN THE DRUG STORE.

Serious Place Usually, But Funny Things Happen Occasionally.

"No, I can't say that we have a large number of comic incidents happening here daily," said the drug clerk. "As a matter of fact, the drug business is a very serious one, and there are many ailments that can be cured at home at very little expense. Such remedies can be bought at any first-class drug store for a small sum."

Among the diseases that can be effectively treated at home are such as pertussis, the stomach, liver and bowels, leprosy, diphtheria, biliousness, indigestion, sour stomach, bloated stomach, wet headaches, heartburn, etc. For these troubles there is no better remedy than Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

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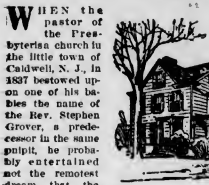
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Sunday Courier-Journal \$2 a Year **WILL MOORE KENDALL**
West Liberty, Ky

The Early Years of Grover Cleveland Grover Cleveland The First Presidency of

His Birth In Caldwell, N. J., His School Days, His Legal Career, His Rise to the Governorship of New York and His Defeat of James G. Blaine For the Presidency In 1884.

His Inauguration In March, 1885, His Marriage to Miss Frances Folsom, His Removals For "Offensive Partisanship," His "Tariff For Revenue Only" Plan and Two Presidential Campaigns.



GROVER CLEVELAND'S BIRTHPLACE, CALDWELL, N. J.

WHEN the pastor of the Presbyterian church in the little town of Caldwell, N. J., in 1837 bestowed upon one of his babies the name of the Rev. Stephen Grover, a predecessor in the same pulpit, he probably entertained not the remotest dream that the boy would grow up to discard his first name and become known in world history as Grover Cleveland, twice president of the United States and for the remainder of his life "the most distinguished private citizen in the world."

The Rev. Stephen F. Cleveland and his wife, who was Ann Neil, daughter of a Baltimore merchant, had a large family of children. Three years after Grover was born the family migrated, as pioneers' families are wont to do, to Fayetteville, N. Y., and later at Clinton, N. Y. The father died when Grover was in his sixteenth year. The family home was then and until the widow Cleveland died in 1882 at Holland Patent, N. Y.

Grover Cleveland attended academies at Fayetteville and Clinton. He had an early ambition to go through Princeton college, but lacked the funds. He attended the New York Institution For the Blind, New York city. During his stay, the celebrated blind lawyer, Charles D. Smith, was a teacher in the same school. Cleveland became warm friends. In his reminiscences Miss Crosby wrote:

"He was a very gentle but intensely ambitious boy. Among other very pleasant characteristics which I looked in him

as a careful, hard-working, but not brilliant, lawyer. He had no pretensions, ornamental side. He seemed to be a business man. Though the Republican state ticket carried Buffalo by more than 1,000 votes, Cleveland was elected mayor by a majority of 3,500. Early in his term he became known as "the veto mayor." He vetoed many extravagant appropriation bills and saved his city at least \$1,000,000.

The state of New York soon heard much of this veto mayor. He had been in office less than a year when the Democrats nominated him for governor. New York had not elected a Democratic governor since before the civil war. The Republicans nominated Charles F. Folger, secretary of the treasury in President Arthur's cabinet. Mr. Folger was regarded as a particularly strong candidate, yet Cleveland was elected governor by a plurality of 192,854 over Folger and by a clear majority of 101,742 over all the candidates. Just after he voted on election day he wrote to his brother, the Rev. William Cleveland:

"If mother were alive, I should be writing to her, and I feel as if it were a time for me to write to some one who will believe what I write. I feel as if I should tell you that I am elected governor by a plurality of 192,854 over Folger and by a clear majority of 101,742 over all the candidates. Just after he voted on election day he wrote to his brother, the Rev. William Cleveland:

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ACCOMPANIED by his brother and sister, Grover Cleveland slipped quietly into Washington March 2, 1885, and on the 4th was inaugurated as president of the United States, succeeding Chester Alan Arthur. Twenty-eight years old, he had passed since a Democratic had taken the oath of office as president. Miss Rose Elizabeth Cleveland, the president's younger sister, was mistress of the White House and therefore "first lady of the land" during the first three months of the administration. During this period rumors as to a White House bride flew fast and thick, the president having sent elaborate bouquets to Miss "Frankie" Folsom on the occasion of the young woman's graduation from Welles college. Frances Folsom was the daughter of a former law partner of Mr. Cleveland in Buffalo. After her graduation she traveled in Europe. On June 2, 1886, shortly after her return to America, she was married to the president in the White House.

Unusual obstacles beset the presidential pathway of Cleveland from the moment of his inauguration. Shut out from executive favor for practically a generation, the Democratic politicians were averse to office. The president sought to adhere to a policy opposed to removal from office of competent officials except as to heads of divisions and other important officials, but the Jacksonian cry "let the victors have the spoils" became so insistent that the president was induced to modify his policy to the extent of appointing as "offensive partisanship," a phrase coined by him which speedily became famous. In the light of history it must be admitted that his "offensive partisanship" in federal offices were exceedingly numerous in those days. Republican postmasters were slaughtered by wholesale.

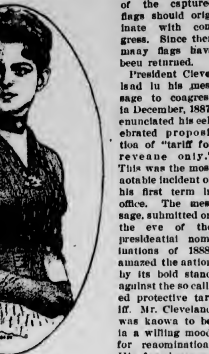
In a storeroom connected with the

war department were many crates of landmines captured from southern armies. At the suggestion of the adjutant general Mr. Cleveland ordered that the flags be returned to the states from whose regiments they had been captured. Certain Grant Army posts became so indignant that they issued resolutions strongly reprimanding the president, with instructions against him because he had employed a substitute instead of going into the army during the war. This incident, which took place in 1877, was successful in its action. The independent newspaper editors forced the selection of Cleveland delegates to the national Democratic convention of 1882, held in June. Four more years Cleveland was the campaign cry. Though the New York delegation opposed him, Mr. Cleveland was nominated for the presidency the third time in succession at the first ballot. President Harrison again was his Republican opponent. Cleveland was elected, receiving 277 electoral votes against 146 for Harrison and 22 for General Weaver, Populist.

He was not particularly active in politics after his retirement. In the meantime history was making. In 1890, the McKinley act of 1890, increasing the tariff on wool, tin plate and other products, was followed by high prices for the poor man's necessities of life. Events rapidly were shaping themselves toward a vindication of Grover Cleveland. The ex-president at length to his law work and the people did the rest. With the political class, as of old, mostly in opposition to his law work and the people did the rest. With the political class, as of old, mostly in opposition to his law work and the people did the rest.

GROVER CLEVELAND AS PRESIDENT IN 1885.

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MRS. CLEVELAND IN 1886.

the captured flags should originate with congress. Since then many flags have been returned.

President Cleveland in his message to congress in December, 1887, enunciated his celebrated proposal of "tariff for revenue only." This was the most notable incident of his first term in office. The message, submitted on the eve of the presidential inauguration of 1888, amazed the nation by its bold stand against the so-called protective tariff. Mr. Cleveland was known to be a willing mule for reclamation. His fearlessness in this during to be a willing mule for reclamation. His fearlessness in this during to be a willing mule for reclamation.

Mr. Cleveland received the Democratic nomination for president in 1892, but was defeated in the election by Benjamin Harrison of Indiana. Many Democrats attributed his defeat to his high prices for the poor man's necessities of life. Harrison's election and the consequent trade of criticism from members of the president's own party Mr. Cleveland sent for the speaker of the house of representatives, John G. Carlisle, a Democrat, and said to him, "if every other man in this country abandons this issue, I shall stick to it."

Accordingly in the last message of his term he "stuck to it" his stand on the tariff problem was unchanged in 1893 to enact laws in line with his suggestions of the winter before.

Cleveland retired to private life March 4, 1895, after serving in New York city for the practice of the law.

FITTING TRIBUTE

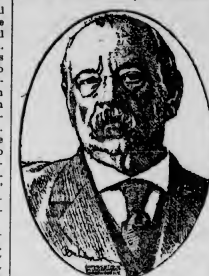
The Nation Officially Displays Its Regard For Grover Cleveland's Memory.

ALL FLAGS AT HALF MAST

For Thirty Days This Symbol of Mourning Will Be Exhibited Wherever the Flag Flies.

Executive Order Promptly Followed Formal Notice of Ex-President's Death.

Washington, June 25.—Appropriate honors will be paid to the memory of President Cleveland by all branches of the government. Immediately upon the receipt of the president's proclamation formally announcing Mr. Cleveland's death, steps were taken to carry out the provisions of the executive proclamation. In the case of the state department all officials of the diplomatic and consular service will be notified of the ex-president's death and will be directed to fly the American



GROVER CLEVELAND.

flag over their respective offices at half mast for a period of thirty days after the receipt of the letter. All army posts and stations, and all commanders-in-chief of fleets in the navy, captains of detached ships and navy yards and naval stations, were ordered to fly the national colors at half mast for thirty days. In the army and the navy these orders were followed by more formal orders today directing what shall be done on the day of the funeral, prescribing the number of guns to be fired, etc. The flags on the executive departments were placed at half mast yesterday, as were also the national emblems on the buildings occupied by the district government.

In Washington, where many of those who are now leading officials of the government came into office during his administration and where thousands of residents met him at social functions at the White House, the news of President Cleveland's death caused a profound sensation. Official action followed promptly. A few hours ahead of his formal announcement of the death, President Roosevelt directed Secretary Cortelyou, the senior member of the cabinet in Washington, to have the executive departments place the national flags on their buildings at half mast. This order was issued at 10 o'clock. Within a few minutes the Stars and Stripes over the great white buildings which house the federal government had dropped half way down the poles, conveying to many people the first news that death had claimed another illustrious man.

Many funeral tributes were paid to the memory of the late president by those who had been more or less associated with him, and by those who had succeeded to the cabinet councils of his regime. Two members of the Cleveland cabinet who have homes in the city were away when the news came. Four more years ago Grover reached Mr. Carlisle's house 100 late. Former Secretary of the Navy Hilary A. Herbert was spending his vacation at Benning, Md., and did not reach the city until the afternoon. The news of the death was telegraphed to him. It is likely that both Mr. Carlisle and Mr. Herbert will make immediate arrangements to go to Princeton.

The proclamation issued by President Roosevelt follows precedents in the cases of former ex-presidents. As soon as the news of the death of Mr. Cleveland, the state department officials began a hasty examination of proclamations issued at the death of Benjamin Harrison and Rutherford B. Hayes. Later the proclamation was issued from Oyster Bay.

At the White House the employees recalled with considerable interest the action taken by the recent conference of governors at the White House for the conservation of the nation's natural resources. Cleveland to former President Cleveland's illness. On motion of William J. Bryan a resolution was unanimously adopted expressing the sympathy of the conservation over Mr. Cleveland's illness and regret at his

inability to be present. Alva A. Adee, second assistant secretary of state, is one of the prominent officials in Washington who was in the White House. Mr. Adee received his present commission as President Cleveland and there was strong personal friendship between the two men. Mr. Adee paid a high tribute to the former president's personal traits and to his great mastery of law.

THE SCENE AT PRINCETON

Though He Had Long Been Ill, Cleveland's Death Was Unexpected. Princeton, N. J., June 25.—The death of Grover Cleveland, twice president of the United States, occurred 8:40 o'clock Wednesday morning at his home, Westland, in this quiet college town, where he had lived in his retirement as the nation's chief executive, almost twelve years.

When death came, which was a dent, there were in the death chamber on the second floor of the Cleveland residence, Mrs. Cleveland, Dr. J. D. Bryant of New York, Mr. Cleveland's family physician and personal friend; Dr. George R. Lockwood, a New York physician, and Dr. J. C. Carahan of Princeton. An official statement given out and signed by three physicians gave heart trouble, complicated by stomach and kidney ailments of long standing, as the cause of death.

While Mr. Cleveland had been in poor health for the two years, he had lost a hundred pounds in weight his death came unexpectedly. So three weeks ago he was brought home from Lakewood, where his condition for a time was such that the hope which he was staying was kept off after its regular season because he was too ill to be moved. But Mr. Cleveland was brought back to Princeton he showed signs of improvement and actually gained five pounds in weight.

Although confined to his room, continuously after his return to Princeton, it was not until Tuesday that Mr. Cleveland's condition aroused uneasiness on the part of his family. Undoubtedly affected by the heat, Mr. Cleveland showed signs of failure. Mrs. Cleveland telephoned to Dr. Bryant, who came over from New York. Dr. Lockwood followed Dr. Bryant from New York and Dr. Carahan, who had been Mr. Cleveland's physician for the former president's death, was also called. During the evening Mr. Cleveland seemed to rally and Mrs. Cleveland also seemed to be optimistic about her husband's health, but assured it was merely another of the many attacks Mr. Cleveland had suffered and she informed those who inquired that Mr. Cleveland's condition was serious.

Mr. Cleveland became worse during the night and Mrs. Cleveland called to the nurse and others to see Mr. Cleveland, and all of the left cards. The visitors, newsmen, and others who came to see Mr. Cleveland, and all of the left cards. The visitors, newsmen, and others who came to see Mr. Cleveland, and all of the left cards.

The news of Mr. Cleveland's death came as a sudden shock to the people of Princeton, as it did to the people of the rest of the world. Everybody knew that Mr. Cleveland was old, but none seemed to think the end was so near. As news spread about the university the people were placed at half mast and everybody was disposed to stop and express regrets and extend Mr. Cleveland's wishes.

Many intimate friends of the late president and many others who came to see Mr. Cleveland, and all of the left cards. The visitors, newsmen, and others who came to see Mr. Cleveland, and all of the left cards.

So unexpectedly did Mr. Cleveland die that not one of his children were at home. The children were at the Cleveland summer home, Tamworth, N. H., under the care of Mrs. Fannie, Mrs. Cleveland, who had been sent to the city for the afternoon, and who had been at Princeton. The children are, then, aged fourteen; Marion, twelve; Richard, aged ten, and Frank, aged five.

"Health Coffee" is really the old Coffee Intuition ever yet produced by the Cleveland family. It is produced by Dr. Shoop, of Racine, Wis., a grain of real Coffee in it. It is a grain of real Coffee in it. It is a grain of real Coffee in it. It is a grain of real Coffee in it.



GROVER CLEVELAND IN 1884 AND HIS BUFFALO LAW OFFICES, REACHED BY STAIRWAY.

was a disposition to help others whenever possible. Knowing that it was a great favor to the law, he was not only kindly and helpful, but also to perform that service for me several times.

One day the principal of the school explained the blind woman for using the clock's time in that way. Grover told Miss Crosby that she had a perfect right to employ him in that capacity, inasmuch as her poems were used in the school and also helped to make the institution better known. He advised her to give the principal some "plum prose" the next time he should approach her. When the official remonstrated a second time, Miss Crosby stood for her rights and won the battle. When Cleveland was about eighteen years old, he paid a visit to an uncle living in Buffalo. The uncle introduced the boy to his cousin and helped him to compile the "American Girl Book." Grover assisted in several editions of this work, studied law, and was admitted to the bar at the age of twenty-two. His first official position was that of assistant district attorney, which he held for three years, during the civil war. Two of his brothers were in the army. Grover was helping to support his mother and sisters. His salary was small. When he was drafted to military service, he hired a substitute and remained at work. Later he was a candidate for the district attorneyship, but was defeated. Then he settled down to law practice. In 1870 he was elected to run for sheriff and was elected, serving for three years.

After another interval of private citizenship, assiduously devoted to his profession, this bachelor lawyer of forty-four years was nominated for mayor of Buffalo on the Democratic ticket in 1881. He had become known

safer. I have always thought that his prayers had much to do with my success. I shall expect you to help me in that way.

Grover Cleveland was prosecuted by the Mayor Cleveland. He was a business man. It was said of him that he ran the state as he would have run a railroad, endeavoring the details of the business so that he could run it well. The same writer declares that "he not only preached economy, but he made it a habit of his private life. He would tell him the legislators were wild with rage, and he forced through civil service reform."

Grover Cleveland was cordially disliked by the politicians in his party. But his reputation among the people as a plain, practical, unpretentious man, who had grown so white that in the summer of 1881, before the expiration of his gubernatorial term, there was an insistent call for him to accept that "high political preference" which had been declared was not in his head. The great mass of the two-year term throughout the country believed that Cleveland was honest and that nothing known beyond his own city and county, a painstaking, laborious lawyer, had entered the lists and swept to defeat "the plumed knight" of twenty years' national renown.

DEATHS.

TEAL.—Chas. Teal, of our city, died at Anix Springs, Morgan county, on June 19. The burial was at Owingsville.

ENSOR.—Pierce Winn, aged 2 years, son of Ed Ensor and wife, of Camargo, died on Tuesday, June 23, 1908. The funeral service was conducted by Rev. E. E. Dawson on Thursday. Death resulted from a burn on the chest when a cup of hot grease was overturned on the little one.

CRAWFORD.—John A. Crawford, aged 90, retired banker and business man, died June 19 at his home, near Louisville. Burial was at Covington. Mr. Crawford was born in Mt. Sterling, June 6, 1818, and was a son of John A. and Dorothy Fort Crawford. He was educated in the common schools of his native county, and at the age of 16 entered the Circuit Court Clerk's office which position he held until 21 years old, when he became Sheriff of Montgomery county. He moved to Carrollton, Ky., and was cashier of the branch of the Southern Bank of Kentucky for fifteen years. He went to Covington and became cashier of the First National Bank. He went to Louisville in 1894. His wife was Miss Mary D. Harden, of our county, who was a niece of Matt Joutet. Her death occurred in 1901. The children are: Elizabeth Joutet, wife of the Rev. Edward L. Warren, D. D., of Louisville; Mrs. Jennie C. Hanks, widow of W. T. Hanks, of Covington; Miss Kate W. Crawford, Matt Crawford, of Louisville, and W. H. Crawford, of Kansas City. Mr. Crawford was an uncle of Mrs. Mariah Crawford, of this city.

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ROY.—Roy W. Gilcrest leaves today for St. Louis, Mo., where his brother, Charles, has secured for him a lucrative position with the Brown Shoe Co.

Mrs. J. T. Day and daughter, of Hazel Green, arrived on Saturday evening to spend a few days with the Trimble family, after visiting Mr. Day, who is at a Lexington infirmary.

G. W. Carter and family arrived on Monday from the State of Washington. He says he will never again leave Kentucky. Judging from observation and hearsay he thinks that Taft will not be President. His account of conditions in the West is quite interesting. He seems to have broken fellowship with Republicans.

To the Ladies.
We have a lot of Sample Slippers, sizes 2½ to 4, B C D and E lasts, former price \$2.50, \$3 and \$3.50, that we are closing out at \$1.45.
Punch & Graves.

Notice.
Those who have not been paying their accounts promptly will be refused credit unless their accounts are paid by the 10th of July.
Respectfully,
Ed Hon.

Fine Young Teachers.
Misses Margaret Robinson and Virgie McClure have been engaged to teach District School No. 32, in this city. Miss Robinson has taught for two years. This will be Miss McClure's first school, but she took a special teachers' course in M. S. C. I., and holds a first-class certificate. The trustees are to be congratulated upon securing the services of these young ladies.
Come quick for a 25c dish pan at 10c at The Fair.
The Mill Remnant Sale at Newmeyer's closed on Saturday and was highly satisfactory. Many people were attracted thereby.

At Cost For Cash.
Until further notice we offer at COST FOR CASH our entire stock of millinery and belts.
51-2t Roberts & Mastin.

Horses Sold.
B. F. Herriott sold to Miss Anna Brookhagen, of New York, a walk trot mare for \$1,500 more or less and to Dr. Hoffman, of Jersey City, a three galloped gelding for \$100 and some more.

Overdriving.
Last week three horses were killed by excessive driving. Two belonged to liveryman Lloyd and one to Grover Anderson.
\$18 Suits cut to \$12.48.
Punch & Graves.

Tobacco Selling.
The sale of 40 more hogsheds of tobacco at Winchester was confirmed in Sunday paper. The price was 18c.
Real Estate.
H. Clay McKee has for sale and rent, dwellings, business property, farms, vacant lots.
51-1f
Suicide.
Mrs. James Anderson, of Gilmore, Wolfe county, poured coal oil over her clothing and set fire with a match. She was buried next day.
25c Tin Pans for 10c at The Fair.
On Sunday Dr. Reynolds went to Nicholas county and operated on a child for cataract, caused by whooping cough.
\$15 Suits cut to \$10.
Punch & Graves.

RELIGIOUS

The union service on Sunday evening will be held at the Presbyterian Church, Sermon by Rev. Hill.

Services by Revs. E. E. Dawson and Armitage at the Court House continue each evening with unabated interest.

During the past six months the average attendance in the Woman's Bible Class at the Christian Church has been 18. The teacher hopes that others of the congregation will decide to enlist. Come once and see how the work is carried on. During the next six months the studies will be about the Kingdom of Israel under Saul, David and Solomon. The lesson for next Sunday is 1 Samuel 8:6. Christian women in all churches should join the great host in Bible study.

The protracted meeting which began at the Salt Lick Christian Church on June 8, 1908, closed Wednesday night, June 25, during which 107 additions were made to the church. Throughout the meeting enthusiasm and a prayerful spirit prevailed, and men, women, boys and girls were won to the Lord. The meeting was conducted by Rev. W. H. Cord, of Mt. Sterling, whose services consisted of the pure gospel as found in God's word. The success of the meeting consisted in winning souls to Christ and creating a christian spirit among the people, such as was never before witnessed in Salt Lick. We as a "church people" solicit the prayers of christians everywhere that we may continue to be successful, and that we may follow only in the way that our Lord leads and directs us.

Yours in Christ,
N. Cleveland Carpenter, Pastor,
Salt Lick, Ky.

Imported Sausage and Limburger Cheese at Spot Cash Grocery.

SOCIAL EVENTS.

On Saturday, June 20, the birthdays of George Hainline and niece, Mrs. Walk Lancaster, were celebrated at the Hainline home at Levee.

Stacy, Adams \$5 Shoes cut to \$1.75.
Punch & Graves.

Ready.
Our accounts are now ready and must be paid at once.
51-2t Roberts & Mastin.

Important Real Estate Sale.
H. Clay McKee, agent for Strother Mitchell, has sold to B. F. Cockrell and W. A. Sutton the Mitchell buildings on Main and Bank streets, now occupied by W. A. Sutton & Son, Star Bakery and Advocate Publishing Co. The price is \$11,500. Possession is given today.

SPECIALS

...FOR...
.SATURDAY.

17 lbs. Best Granulated Sugar for \$1.00
Sour Pickles 5c a Dozen
Best Lard, 10c a pound
Coal Oil, 11c a gallon
Best Vinegar, 15c gallon
Full Cream Cheese, 15c a pound

Spot Cash Grocery Co.

\$12.50 Suits cut to \$8.48.
Punch & Graves.

MARRIAGES.

DIVORCE.

At Louisville a divorce was granted to Mrs. Anna F. Morris, nee Anna F. Fletcher, and she has her maiden name.

GILLASPIE-ALEXANDER.
On Thursday, June 25, at the bride's home in Carlisle, Mr. J. C. B. Gillaspie, of Bethel, and Miss Bettie Alexander were married.

PAYNTER-FOX.
On Wednesday evening Rev. Hill officiated in this city at the marriage of H. A. Paynter, of Powell, and Miss Bessie L. Fox, of Clark.

Recently the writer was talking with some ladies in this city about the marriage of American girls, the Misses Vanderbilt, Gould, Shonts, etc., to foreign Counts and no accounts. One said she would rather marry an American Indian than take one of these notables.

STINSON-PIERCE.
Miss Clemmie Stinson, of this city, and Mr. C. P. Pierce, of Salt Lick, Bath county, were married at the Christian Church parsonage Wednesday night, Rev. H. D. Clark performing the ceremony. Miss Stinson is an attractive young woman, and the groom a prosperous contractor. They will reside at Salt Lick.

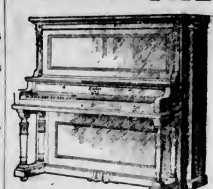
MCLAIN-WARNER.
At Danville, Ill., on June 24 Mr. Miller McClain, of that city, was married to Miss Lizzie Warner, daughter of R. R. Warner and wife, of our city. The groom is the son of Thomas McClain, near Sharpsburg, and went to Danville some months ago. The bride was visiting relatives at Danville. Our best wishes attend them.

For Rent.
Two dwellings; one store room.
51-1f H. Clay McKee.

Tribute to Ex-President Grover Cleveland.

In all the history of this country there has been none with whom he can be compared. There was none like him in moral heroism, in breadth of view, in loyalty to high conviction, in true patriotic ardor, in executive force, in personal sacrifice. He was as big as his country, devoted to its welfare, true to its best traditions, confident of its future, a future which was in fact saved by his bravery, and in which he will surely receive that recognition which was cruelly denied to him while yet he was living. De-famed by every charlatan while he was in authority, misjudged and misrepresented by every demagogue who had the ear of the fickle multitude, abandoned by his party because he would not yield to the follies of the times, the target of the revolutionist and the special abhorrence of the political mountebank and scoundrel, he moved to the close of his honorable life, serene in his composure and comforted by his conscience, void of offense toward God and man. We must pay him the tribute of our warmest admiration because of his generous treatment of the South. He did more for them any other President the country has ever had. He restored the South to the Union. He made it a part of the life of the nation; he gave it a place in the Government at Washington, and recognized it in the diplomatic service of the country. That he failed to impress his faith in the South and his love for the South upon the people of this part of the country was not his fault, but the result of the unworthy character of the men placed by the South in positions of influence and power, and by whom the South must be judged and has been judged to its shame.—News and Courier, Charleston, S. C.

PIANOS FURNITURE



CARPETS MATTINGS

We are headquarters. Our prices are O. K., and our goods are A No. 1. We sell everything on a guarantee.

Our Pianos

are guaranteed for TEN YEARS. We buy them direct from the factory for spot cash, pay no middle man. You see we can sell them for less money than the men who send agents over the country.

Our Furniture

stock will compare well with houses in much larger cities. We do not confine ourselves to any one line of goods. In Kitchen Cabinets we have an especially strong line, ranging from \$5.00 up. All we want is for you to come and see our line of goods. We know that we have the goods and have them all out on prices.

Come and see us. No trouble to show goods.

Undertaking a Specialty

Call and see us.

W. A. SUTTON & SON

Corner Main and Bank Streets.

Cattle Sold.

C. C. McDonald, buyer for the S. & S. Co., has purchased in this section the following:

Of A. L. Tipton, 63 at 6c; of Omar Wilson, 44 at 5c; of Samuel Turley, 32 at 6c; of A. S. Hart, 75 at 5c, and 65 at 5c; of Hilber & Reid, 37 \$5.50; of Samuel Laythrum, 57 at 5c; of J. W. Chennault, 34 at 6c; of W. P. Walker, 22 at 5c; of R. B. Crooks, 24 at 5c; of J. Prewitt, 72 at 6c; of J. M. Bigstaff, 100 at \$5.85; of Marcus A. Prewitt, 74 at 6c; of Rankin R. Whitit, 49 at 6c; of Harve and Ed Prewitt, 100 at 6c; of J. C. Turley, 75 at 6c; of James Kennedy, 37 at 6c; of Bigstaff, Cockrell & Hart, 103 at 5c.

On Wednesday R. C. Gatewood, sold to Monte Fox, of Danville, for Stearn & Co., of New York, 237 head of extras, 1,600 pounds. The price was said to be \$6.85; Colonel Gatewood sold to same 30 head at 6c.

The Truth

Every person in this city who is suffering from Eczema, Pimples, Dandruff or any form of skin or scalp disease, can find relief and be permanently cured by Zemo, a clean liquid for external use. All druggists sell ZEMO FOR SALE BY W. S. LEVY.

Gathering Sweetness.

Three years ago when Dorsey Pierant came from Ezel, Ky., he bought one stand of bees from Mr. Fortner. That one has grown to eighteen, and this year he has sold 100 lbs. of white honey at 15c. He has not fed the bees at any time.

Itching piles provoke profanity, but profanity won't cure them. Don't's Ointment cures itching, bleeding or protruding piles after years of suffering. At any drug store. 51-5t

Dog Tax Valid.

Farmers can get pay for sheep killed by dogs. Dog tax is valid.

ANYTHING USED IN PAINTING AT

on's Drug Store.
No. 10 Court St.
CES BEFORE YOU BUY.

PERSONAL.

Embry, of St. Paul, is here.
Scott, of Chicago, spent here.
Kirkpatrick and bride arrived Sunday.

Trimble returned from on Saturday night.

Robertson, wife and son arrived July at Olympia.

Lodena and Lillian Wood arrived in Eastern cities.

Thos. Heinrich visited in Louisville last week.

Geo James left on Sunday for Illinois and Missouri.

and Mrs. Brooks, of Maysville, last week.

Leila Hinson is visiting and friends in German.

S. S. Oldfield last week visited his parents in Morgan.

Thos. Fesler and daughter, of Georgetown, have been here days.

Mary Coleman, of Georgetown, arrived at A. R. Gilcrest's Sunday.

and daughter, of Cincinnati, are visiting his father, W. H. Hagan, at Sideview.

is Godsey and wife, of Lexington, have been visiting at Hazel Green for two weeks.

McClure and wife, of Kanawha, spent Wednesday with Jane Wright at Levee.

Bassett and wife, of Dallas, spent part of Thursday and Friday with his brother, Fred.

Misses Anna Jefferson Sharp and Brock, of Georgetown, are expected to arrive this week.

Miss Cynthia Reed and Mrs. Anna Chennault are visiting Mrs. S. S. Oldfield, of Lexington, visited to Prewitt last week.

Warren Fisher and Solomon Meter, of Lexington, visited to Prewitt last week.

Mr. Mize, of Hazel Green, who has been in Florida and North Carolina for about 8 months, was home on Monday.

WE PAY CASH FOR WOOL AND ALL OTHER FARM PRODUCTS.

WE SELL Perfection, Crystal and Gold Medal FLOUR.

I. F. TABB.

BOTH 'PHONES NO. 12.

SOME CAUSE FOR HIS DISLIKE.

Bachelor's Explanation of His Antipathy to All Children.

"I hate children," he said. "Why?" "I think they ought to be locked up in asylums till they're old enough to take care of themselves. If it hadn't been for a child—well, it might have been—"

"What?"

"I loved the child's mother. She was a rich and beautiful widow, and I was madly in love with her. I was actually contemplating, in fact, that just got to the point of putting the delicate question. We were in the drawing-room. The child was playing in the corner. Forgetting all about that, I put my arm forcibly round the widow's waist and implanted a passionate kiss upon her lips, when the child started up and rushed at me saying: 'Don't you kill my mamma!' and ran screaming into the kitchen calling for the servants."

But the worst came a few nights after. I called at the house. There were several ladies there, and the child was being petted and caressed. Of course, the widow was friendly, but that child deliberately turned her back upon me. I didn't know that, but the mother, to be nice, said, 'My darling child, don't you know Mr. Blank?' 'Oh, yes,' said the little very pretty. 'Oh, yes, I know you! You are the man that loved my mamma! I don't think I can't—don't describe the effect.'—Stray Stories.

WHAT HAPPENED TO THE KID?

That is the Third of the Series of Questions Asked.

This is said to have really happened in a New York public school, and to have actually cost the "lunatic by accident," which happened in this case to be the boy's teacher, her license, her position, and so on, as known to all. One of the members of the board at that time, who spoke with a slight brogue, visited a schoolroom and gave out this problem:

"If a girl used a half a mill, what will a girl cost?"

On the back seat a little freckle-faced boy with one front tooth missing scribbled away at the problem, then folded his hands and sat up.

"Ah," said the board member, "there is a bright little boy who has finished the problem and is telling me what he knows." "If a girl hit a Mick, what would happen to the brick?"

Origin of Pommes Souffles.

With reference to the fifty-first anniversary of the first railway in France, a French contemporary points out that it was in connection with this event that the virtues of pommes souffles were discovered. A French chef was traveling on the new line from Paris to St. Germain, and was preparing in the train the banquet which was to celebrate the opening. Just before arriving at St. Germain he threw some potatoes in the boiling butter. The train, however, was delayed, and the potatoes had to be taken out again. When the train restarted the potatoes were once again put in the boiling butter, and to every one's delight were found, on being taken out, to be deliciously light and inflated. The beauties of the pommes souffles had been revealed.—London Globe.

Holland Has Cheese Carriers' Guild.

The cheese carriers of Holland form a very ancient and exclusive guild, and no one who is not extremely clean in his habits and spotlessly white in dress would have the slightest chance of getting employment in the guild. The cheese makers, which are held once a week during the summer in the principal towns of Holland, bring an element of gaiety in the lives of the farmers, their wives and daughters, who always do very brightly and wear all their gold ornaments and pearls for the occasion. At the same time the shopping for the whole week is done and carried back to the farms in the empty cheese carts. The May cheese, which is brought to market in June, is said to be the very best and choicest.

Sunday Work.

The small nephew from Virginia was making his first visit in the north. Came a rainy Sunday, and he suggested building a march of wood blocks. His uncle surveyed him anxiously.

"Up here," he said, "we don't work on Sunday."

The small boy reflected.

"Well," he said at length, "I can't do no work Sunday either. I can't read the Bible an' feed the hawgs."

The Idle Chickadee.

Little Margie on her first visit to a farm was told to wander about the barn and search for eggs. Some time later the child returned almost in tears.

"Couldn't you find any eggs, dearie?" asked her mother.

"No," replied Margie, wearily. "I think it's mean, too, 'cause lots of hens were standing around doing nothing."—Lippincott's.

His Natural Place.

"I wonder," exclaimed the wrathful woman witness, "that the lawyer on the other side can't use his own side!"

"He can, probably," replied her husband, "but he prefers to do it in court."

REMEDY FOR EVIL DONE BY ANTI-RACE BETTING BILLS

Claimed That the Thoroughbred Is the Best Animal Bred for Cavalry Use.

A Government remount station for the purchase and training of cavalry horses for the United States Army, to be located somewhere in the Blue Grass, near Lexington, is the latest suggestion to revive interest in the horse industry in Kentucky, and the plan is looked upon favorably by breeders and horse owners.

In view of the success of the remount station at Fort Reno, Nevada, which is said to turn out more than a thousand horses and mules each year ready for the army, it is not unlikely that another similar station will be established in some other part of the country.

Nowhere in the United States is the horse interest more carefully nurtured than in the Blue Grass and in view of the fact that this section produces the best horses in the world and the conditions here are most favorable for their breeding and training it is pointed out that this would be an ideal place for the establishment of the proposed station.

Adverse legislation in New York and Louisiana has no doubt crippled the thoroughbred industry in Kentucky, but it is pointed out that a profitable market for the produce of the many breeding establishments in this section would be created by the establishment of a remount station in Kentucky.

LAND, STOCK AND CROP.

Lost.—A young yellow sheep-hawl, clipped from shoulders to tail, burnt scar on side, Report to R. G. Lyons, Rothwell, Ky., or us.

Had to Be Drenched.

T. F. Gannon, Avon, Ky., says: "I cured my hogs of a very bad case of cholera with Bourbon Hog Cholera Remedy. Several of these hogs could not eat and I had to drench them with the medicine." Sold and guaranteed by W. S. Lloyd.

Secretary of War Gives His Conceptions of the Presidency.

Secretary William H. Taft has written the following article of his conception of the Presidency for the current issue of Collier's Weekly:

"In the four years that I have been a member of the Cabinet I have become familiar enough with the responsibilities and burdens of the Presidency to know that no man can afford unduly to seek that great office. If he is attracted by honor and power alone, without the hope of being useful, he is unworthy of the honor and unfit for the use of the power. He must prefer, for the sake of his own peace of mind, never to be President to being a poor President.

NO COMPROMISE ALLOWED.

"But, of course, he must draw the line at any compact which will not leave him free of promises and of the control of any faction."

"The President's duties, clearly outlined by the Constitution, have grown broader in their interpretation with the growth of the country. He should be in the prime of years, health and vigor. The capacity for hard work is a better equipment than genius in mastering the essentials of all the departments of the Government and undergoing the strain of countless interviews."

"He should look, not only to those in office, but to those out of office, in all branches of private activity, for information and opinion in order that he may arrive at the truth when he is surrounded by the conflict of interests which come to him with the fair words of the special pleader."

For Sale.

Short-horn and Polled Durham bulls, Poland China hogs and gilts. Thos. J. Bigstaff, Mt. Sterling, Ky.

NINE NEGROES KILLED BY MOB IN TEXAS.

Murder of White Men Leads to Lynching and Shooting.

FIVE ARE HANGED TO ONE TREE

Nine negroes met death at the hands of a mob at Hemphill, Texas. The lynchings followed the killing of two white men by negroes. Hugh Dean and several other white men visited a negro church and school house, where a dance was in progress, presumably in quest of liquor.

PLOT TO KILL.

Dean was killed, and six negroes were held for the killing. At the preliminary examination the evidence tended to show that the plot was formed at the dance to kill Dean.

Later Aaron M. Johnson, a prominent farmer, was assassinated while seated at the dining table with his wife and child. For this crime Perry Price, a negro, was arrested and confessed, implicating Robert Wright, a relative of one of the negroes held for Dean's murder. Price declared he was offered \$5 to kill Johnson.

Then followed the forming of the mob, the over-powering of the jailer at Hemphill, and the lynching of the six negroes held for the murder of Dean. Five were hanged to the same tree, while another attempted to escape and was shot to death.

Heat prostrates the nerves. In the summer one needs a tonic to offset the customary hot weather Nerve and Strength depression. You will feel better within 48 hours after beginning to take such a remedy as Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Its prompt action in restoring the weakened nerves is surprising. Of course, you won't get entirely strong in a few days, but each day you can actually feel the improvement. That tired, listless, spiritless feeling will quickly disappear when using the restorative. Dr. Shoop's Restorative will sharpen a failing appetite; it aids digestion; it will strengthen the weakened kidneys and heart by simply rebuilding the worn-out nerves that these organs depend upon. Try it a few days and be convinced. Sold by F. C. Duerson.

Over Thirty-Five Years.

In 1872 there was a great deal of diarrhoea, dysentery and cholera infantum. It was at that time that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was first brought into use. It proved more successful than any other remedy for treatment, and has for thirty-five years maintained that record. From a small beginning its sale and use has extended to every part of the United States and to many foreign countries. Nine druggists out of ten will recommend it when their opinion is asked, although they have other medicines that pay them a greater profit. It can always be depended upon, even in the most severe and dangerous cases. For sale by R. H. White & Co., Druggists.

TO PAINT for appearance is well; to paint for preservation is better; to save money in the operation is wise. Wisdom says, use Green Seal. Thos. Kennedy.

Needed to Pay Bills.

Two hundred dollars is needed by the General Committee of Arrangements which had charge of the State Democratic Convention arrangements, and circular letters are being sent out to all who subscribed and also to those who were overlooked in the rush.

Weak Women

To weak and ailing women, there is not one way to help. But with that way, two treatments are combined. One is local, a cooling, soothing, but both are important, both essential. Dr. Shoop's Restorative is the best. Dr. Shoop's Restorative is a medicinal treatment. The Restorative reaches throughout the entire system, making the repair of all parts. The Right Blood. As the main supply, does the work of the system, and is the basis of all strength. It is the blood that makes the muscles, the nerves, the brain, the heart, the lungs, the stomach, the liver, and the kidneys. It is the blood that makes the hair, the skin, the eyes, the ears, the nose, the mouth, the throat, the chest, the back, the arms, the legs, the feet, the hands, the fingers, the toes, the nails, the teeth, the bones, the marrow, the joints, the ligaments, the tendons, the cartilages, the meninges, the plexuses, the ganglia, the nerves, the brain, the heart, the lungs, the stomach, the liver, and the kidneys. For positive local help, use as well.

Dr. Shoop's Night Cure

F. C. DUERSON.

WORLD'S OLDEST CHURCH ORGAN

On island of Gotland and in Excellent Preservation.

In the Baltic sea, 10 miles from the mainland, lies the Swedish island of Gotland, a Mecca for students of early Gothic architecture. In Wisby alone, the chief town of the island, with its population of 8,000 souls, may be studied what remains of no less than ten churches, some of which date from the eleventh and twelfth centuries. The oldest of them is the Church of the Holy Ghost, completed about 1048.

Prof. Hennerberg, director in a German music school and especially interested in the study of medieval organs, visited 59 churches in Gotland, and in a little village called Sundre came upon the remnant of what is unquestionably the oldest known organ in existence. The case alone has survived the frost of seven centuries, the holes for pedals and manuals are placed as in modern instruments, and inside one can see the chamber for the bellows and the frame of the action. The exterior is adorned with paintings dating from about 1210.

When this ancient instrument could no longer serve its original purpose it was used as a sacristy, and for the safeguard of holy vessels and vestments was kept in careful repair, hence its excellent preservation to our day.—Youths' Companion.

PROSAGIC ORIGIN OF THE HALO.

Said to Have Been Placed Over Statues of Saints to Preserve Them.

The origin of the halo dates back to the eleventh and twelfth centuries. Those years were rich in the building of churches and cathedrals. There were erected around the outside of the sacred edifices statues of the saints, placed under the eaves. In time the caretakers of the buildings perceived that the discoloration from the rains falling from the roofs disfigured the images. Accordingly they placed over the tops of them flat wooden disks sufficient size to protect the statues. Glitter began to paint pictures when a boy, and his ignorance assumed the protecting disks as an essential part of the saint. His earliest pictures represent each sacred figure topped off with what looks much like the bottom of a barrel. He idealized this into a circle, dark at first, but growing more luminous with each successful production of his artistic fancy, until he developed the circle of light that has come down unchanged through generations of painters as a badge of sanctity.

Art on the Safe Door.

"I wonder if anyone can tell me why it is customary to paint on the front door of a safe some sort of rural scene?" he asked, as he left the business office. "Almost all safes have a lake with a couple of trees in the background, or else a field with a cow and a rider fence emblazoned on the door."

"Perhaps it is to give the idea that peace and quiet of the country type is to be found within the safe. There may be some idea of soothing the mind of the holder doubly. Just where the custom started I do not know, and what the significance is also is unknown to me."

Few Desertions from Mexican Army.

"Instances of desertion from the army in Mexico are very rare and for the best of reasons," said Senor Jose de Minaldes of Nueva Leon. "The reason lies in the almost sure capture of the fugitive and the certainty that he will get not one but numerous floggings on his bare back. These lashings are done in the presence of the comrades of the deserter, and when the men see how great is the suffering of the miserable wretch who tried in vain to quit his military obligations, they are forced to conclude that it is better to stick to the army than to undergo such a terrible ordeal."

Brothers Good Match Makers.

It is a strange thing that mothers are looked on as match makers, while girls' brothers never are. Yet the fact remains that many a girl has her brother to thank if she happens to get married, and not her mother at all.

Many a woman who is happily married to-day has her brother to thank for it—had he not brought a particular man about the home, why, his sister might have remained unwed all her days; but very few women give so much as a thought to that—Woman's Life.

Faca.

"Well," said the customer, as he paid the barber and moved toward the door, "I feel like congratulating myself on getting safely out of a mighty bad scrape."

By placing himself promptly on the outside of the barber shop he avoided getting himself into a mighty bad scrape.

Method.

"I love my love in the springtime," warbled the poet.

Yes, It's Cheaper than.

Out of season, flowers grow wild, and the theaters are running popular priced stock.—Kansas City Journal.

On the Rialto.

"Yes," remarked Hamlet Patti, "I may say I have inherited the mantle of Kemble."

"That settles the clothes question," responded Yorick Hamm. "Now, will you give me a good luck route, you'll be fixed."

It Takes Nerve

Everything depends upon your nerves. It is nerve force that causes the brain to direct the motion of your body; it is nerve force that causes your heart to pulsate, and send the blood through your veins; it is nerve force that causes your stomach to digest food, your kidneys to filter the blood, and the liver to secrete bile.

In fact, nerve force is the power that runs your body, so if you feel worn-out, irritable, nervous, cannot sleep, or eat well, have pain or misery anywhere, your nerves are weak, and your system run-down. To restore this vitality take Dr. Miles' Nerve Tonic. It will strengthen and build up the nerves. You cannot be healthy without strong nerves.

For eighteen years Dr. Miles' Nerve Tonic has been my close companion. Rely in married life, while raising children, my nerves became all worn-out—could not sleep, had no appetite, felt very bad, and had such awful dizzy spells. I began using Dr. Miles' Nerve Tonic, and at once I began to improve. I soon found myself in perfect health.

MRS. R. L. YOUNG, 224 Pittsburg St., New Castle, Pa. Dr. Miles' Nerve Tonic is sold by druggists, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit you. If it fails, he will refund your money. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

DUKE MUST COME.

Burley Tobacco Society Will Not Consider Further Negotiations Without President's Presence.

Unless James B. Duke, president of the American Tobacco Company, comes to Kentucky and appears personally before the executive committee of the Burley Tobacco Society at Winchester no further negotiations will be considered by the society for the purchase by the company of the entire pool of tobacco held by the society. This, it is authoritatively stated, was the decision reached by the executive committee at the session held at its headquarters in Winchester on Tuesday last week.

A conference was held by the committee several months ago with Vice President Smith and several other officials of the tobacco company at which, as well as at other conferences, the tobacco company's representatives stated that they did not have the authority to close a deal without securing the approval of President Duke. These representatives were anxious to conduct negotiations, and it is understood have recently made suggestions for further conference, but at the meeting of the executive committee it was decided that it was useless to engage in negotiations with persons who did not have full authority to act, and it was therefore concluded that in any further negotiations President Duke must appear in person. It is reported that the American Tobacco Company is now making a strong effort to buy the entire Burley Society pool's holdings, and that it is not improbable that President Duke will visit Kentucky soon and hold a conference with the executive committee of the society.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy Would Have Saved Him \$100.

"In 1902 I had a very severe attack of diarrhoea," says R. N. Ferrar, of Cat Island, La. "For several weeks I was unable to do anything. On March 18, 1907, I had a similar attack, and took Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy which gave me prompt relief. I consider it one of the best medicines of its kind in the world, and had I used it in 1902 believe it would have saved me a hundred dollar doctor's bill." Sold by R. H. White & Co., Druggists.

Healthy Growth at Louisville Post-Office.

The receipts of the Louisville post-office for the month of May were \$70,810.48, an increase of \$1,869.68, or 2.72 per cent. over the same month of last year.

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